Atom Economy

1. What is the atom economy for making hydrogen by reacting coal with steam?

$$C(s) + 2H2O(g) \rightarrow CO2(g) + 2H2(g)$$

$$Products = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

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reactants = $12 + (2 \times 18) = 48$
 $\left(\frac{4}{48}\right) \times 100 = \frac{8.3\%}{48}$

2. Lithium hydroxide will react with nitric acid to produce lithium nitrate and water. What is the atom economy if our product is LIOH + HNO3 -> LINO3 + H20 lithium nitrate.

$$\rho_{\text{rod}} = 7 + 14 + (3 \times 16) = 69$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{eactants}} = (7 + 16 + 1) + (1 + 14 + (3 \times 16)) = 87$$

$$\frac{69}{87} \times 100 = 79.3\%$$

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3. Calculate the atom economy percentage for the Blast Furnace reaction. The desired product is iron and the waste product is carbon dioxide

$$\rightarrow$$

2Fe

products =
$$55.8 \times 2 = 111.6$$

reactants = $(55.8 \times 2) + 48) + (3 \times 28) = 243.6$

4. Calculate the atom economy percentage for the Haber Process. The desired product is ammonia (NH₃).

$$N_2$$

$$\rightarrow$$

2NH₃

products =
$$(2 \times 17) = 34$$

reactants = $28 + (3 \times 2) = 34$

+

5. Calculate the atom economy percentage for the Oswald Process (the desired product is nitric acid).

NH₃

$$products = 15 + (3 \times 16) = 63$$
reactants = 17 + (2 × 32) = 81

$$\left(\frac{63}{81}\right) \times 100 = 77.7 \%$$