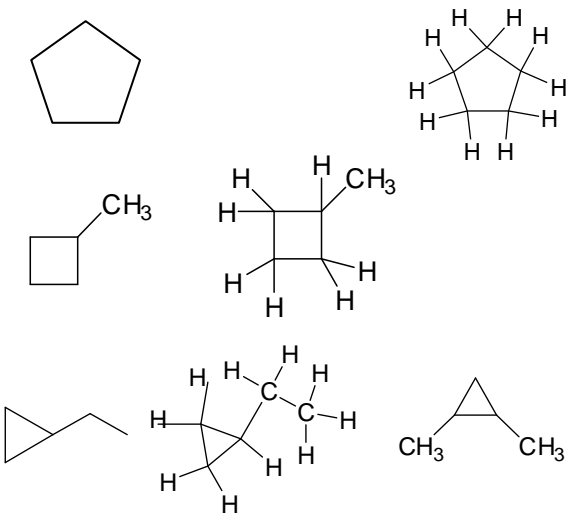
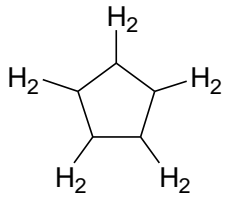
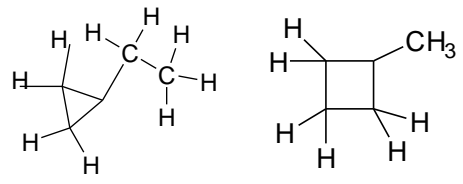


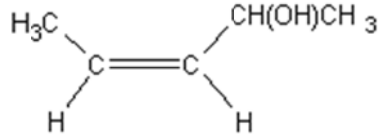
Basic Organics  
Answers

Qu	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6	a		(Different) boiling points	1	Ignore mp's, references to imf, different volatilities
6	b	i	Compound which have the same <u>molecular</u> formula  but different structures/different structural formulae/different displayed formulae	1  1	Accept same no and type of atom for M1 But If same (chemical) formula M1 = 0 but allow M2 If empirical formula CE = 0/2  M2 dependent on M1
6	b	ii	3-methylbut-1-ene	1	only ignore commas and hyphens
6	b	iii	 <p>Allow any correct structure with a cyclic alkane</p>	1	Do not allow  or  i.e with an H missing on one C

6	c		$C_{13}H_{28}$ <u>Making</u> plastics/ used to make polymers or polythene/ used to make antifreeze/ make ethanol/ ripening fruit/ any named additional polymer	1 1	only not used <b>as</b> a plastic/polymer/antifreeze not just 'polymers' – we need to see that they are being made
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Q	Part	Sub Part	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6	a	i	<b>3-bromo-3-methylpentane ONLY</b>	1	Must be correct spelling but ignore hyphens and commas
6	a	ii	<u>Electrophilic addition</u> (reaction)	1	Both words needed  Accept phonetic spelling
6	a	iii	<p><b>M1</b> Displayed formula of 2-bromo-3-methylpentane</p> <pre>       H           H   H   H-C-H   H   H                     H-C - C - C - C - C-H                       H   H   H   Br  H           </pre> <p><b>M2</b> Position(al) (isomerism)</p>	2	All the bonds must be drawn out but ignore bond angles  <b>Do not forget to award this mark</b>
6	a	iv	<p>Structure of (E)-3-methylpent-2-ene</p> <pre>       H           CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>        \         /         C = C        /         \       H<sub>3</sub>C         CH<sub>3</sub>           </pre>	1	The arrangement of groups around the double bond must be clear with the ethyl group attached in the correct order. Ignore bond angles.  Accept C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> for ethyl  Be lenient on C – C bonds. The main issue here is whether they have drawn an (E) isomer.  Accept “sticks” for C – H bonds and correct skeletal formula

3(e)	<b>M1</b> S OR S <sub>8</sub> OR S <sub>2</sub> <b>M2</b> I <sub>2</sub> (ONLY)	2	Ignore names penalise lower case "i" for iodine, penalise superscripted numbers Mark independently The correct formula must be clearly identified in each case if an equation is written
3(f)(i)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub>	1	Structure of but-1-ene. Ignore name Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds
3(f)(ii)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH	1	Structure of butan-1-ol. Ignore name Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds
3(f)(iii)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	1	Structure of propane. Ignore name Ignore calculations and molecular formula Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds Ignore the molecular ion
3(f)(iv)	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> Br or C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> Br	1	Structure of bromoethane. Ignore name and structure of nitrile Credit "sticks" for C-H bonds

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6(a)	<u>Pentan-2-one</u>	1	ONLY but ignore absence of hyphens
6(b)	<u>Functional group</u> (isomerism)	1	Both words needed
6(c)(i)		1	Award credit provided it is obvious that the candidate is drawing the Z / <u>cis isomer</u> The group needs to be CHOHCH <sub>3</sub> but do not penalise poor C–C bonds or absence of brackets around OH Trigonal planar structure not essential
6(c)(ii)	Restricted <u>rotation</u> (about the C=C) OR No (free) <u>rotation</u> (about the C=C)	1	

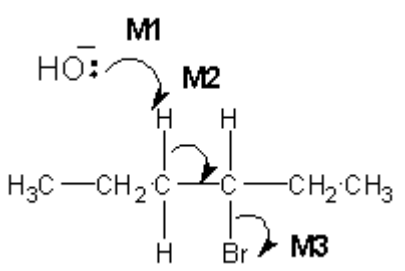
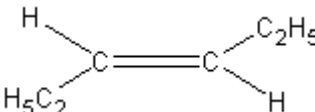
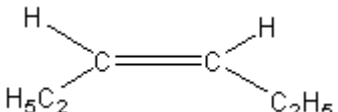
6(d)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="327 233 759 616"> <p><b>M1</b> Tollens' (reagent) <i>(Credit ammoniacal silver nitrate OR a description of making Tollens')</i>  <i>(Do not credit <math>\text{Ag}^+</math>, <math>\text{AgNO}_3</math> or <math>[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+</math> or "the silver mirror test" on their own, but mark M2 and M3)</i></p> </td> <td data-bbox="759 233 1211 616"> <p><b>M1</b> Fehling's (solution) / Benedict's  <i>(Penalise <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> or <math>\text{CuSO}_4</math> but mark M2 and M3)</i></p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="327 616 759 868"> <p><b>M2</b> <u>silver mirror</u> OR <u>black solid or black precipitate</u></p> </td> <td data-bbox="759 616 1211 868"> <p><b>M2</b> <u>Red solid/precipitate</u> <i>(Credit orange or brown solid)</i></p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="327 868 759 1166"> <p><b>M3</b> (stays) colourless OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p> </td> <td data-bbox="759 868 1211 1166"> <p><b>M3</b> (stays) blue OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p> </td> </tr> </table>	<p><b>M1</b> Tollens' (reagent) <i>(Credit ammoniacal silver nitrate OR a description of making Tollens')</i>  <i>(Do not credit <math>\text{Ag}^+</math>, <math>\text{AgNO}_3</math> or <math>[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+</math> or "the silver mirror test" on their own, but mark M2 and M3)</i></p>	<p><b>M1</b> Fehling's (solution) / Benedict's  <i>(Penalise <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> or <math>\text{CuSO}_4</math> but mark M2 and M3)</i></p>	<p><b>M2</b> <u>silver mirror</u> OR <u>black solid or black precipitate</u></p>	<p><b>M2</b> <u>Red solid/precipitate</u> <i>(Credit orange or brown solid)</i></p>	<p><b>M3</b> (stays) colourless OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p>	<p><b>M3</b> (stays) blue OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p>	3  If M1 is blank CE = 0, for the clip  Check the partial reagents listed and if M1 has a <u>totally incorrect</u> reagent, CE = 0 for the clip  Allow the following alternatives  <b>M1</b> (acidified) potassium dichromate(VI) (solution); mark on from incomplete formulae or incorrect oxidation state  <b>M2</b> (turns) green  <b>M3</b> (stays) orange / no (observed) change / no reaction  OR  <b>M1</b> (acidified) potassium manganate(VII) (solution); mark on from incomplete formulae or incorrect oxidation state  <b>M2</b> (turns) colourless  <b>M3</b> (stays) purple / no (observed) change / no reaction  In all cases for <b>M3</b> Ignore "nothing (happens)" Ignore "no observation"
<p><b>M1</b> Tollens' (reagent) <i>(Credit ammoniacal silver nitrate OR a description of making Tollens')</i>  <i>(Do not credit <math>\text{Ag}^+</math>, <math>\text{AgNO}_3</math> or <math>[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+</math> or "the silver mirror test" on their own, but mark M2 and M3)</i></p>	<p><b>M1</b> Fehling's (solution) / Benedict's  <i>(Penalise <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> or <math>\text{CuSO}_4</math> but mark M2 and M3)</i></p>							
<p><b>M2</b> <u>silver mirror</u> OR <u>black solid or black precipitate</u></p>	<p><b>M2</b> <u>Red solid/precipitate</u> <i>(Credit orange or brown solid)</i></p>							
<p><b>M3</b> (stays) colourless OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p>	<p><b>M3</b> (stays) blue OR no (observed) change / no reaction</p>							

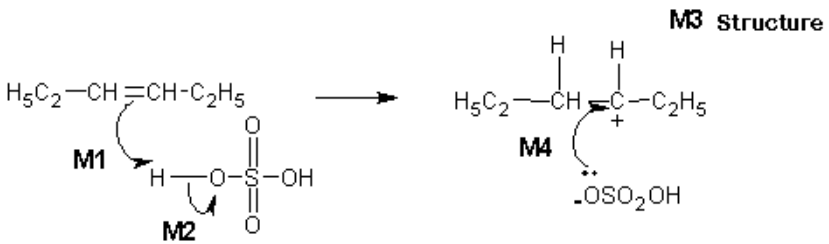
6(e)(i)	Spectrum is for <b>Isomer 1</b> or named or correctly identified	1	<p>The explanation marks in 6(e)(ii) depend on correctly identifying Isomer 1.</p> <p>The identification should be unambiguous but candidates should not be penalised for an imperfect or incomplete name. They may say “the alcohol” or the “alkene” or the “E isomer”</p>
6(e)(ii)	<p><b>If Isomer 1 is correctly identified, award <u>any two</u> from</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Strong / broad) absorption / peak in the range <b><u>3230 to 3550</u></b> <math>\text{cm}^{-1}</math> or specified value <u>in this range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <b>and</b> (characteristic absorption / peak for) <b><u>OH</u></b> group / <b><u>alcohol</u></b> group</li> <li>• No absorption / peak in range <b><u>1680 to 1750</u></b> <math>\text{cm}^{-1}</math> or absence <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <b>and</b> (No absorption / peak for a) <b><u>C=O</u></b> group / <b><u>carbonyl</u></b> group / <b><u>carbon-oxygen double bond</u></b></li> <li>• Absorption / peak in the range <b><u>1620 to 1680</u></b> <math>\text{cm}^{-1}</math> or specified value <u>in this range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <b>and</b> (characteristic absorption / peak for) <b><u>C=C</u></b> group / <b><u>alkene</u></b> / <b><u>carbon-carbon double bond</u></b></li> </ul>	2	<p>If 6(e)(i) is incorrect or blank, CE=0</p> <p>Allow the words “dip” OR “spike” OR “trough” OR “low transmittance” as alternatives for absorption.</p> <p>Ignore reference to other absorptions e.g. C-H, C-O</p>

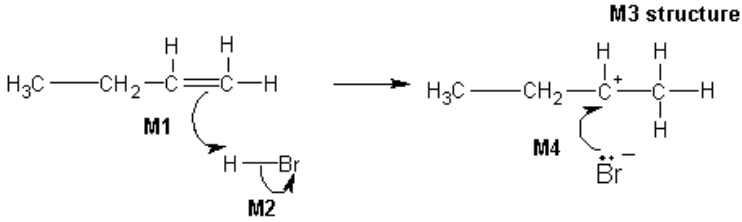


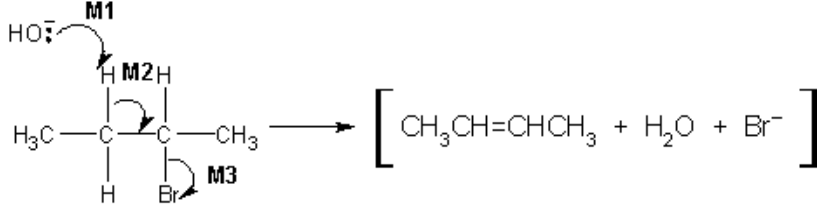
Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
6(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Same) General formula /allow a named homologous series with its general formula</li> <li>• Chemically similar/same (chemical) reactions</li> <li>• Same functional group</li> <li>• <u>Trend</u> in physical properties/ eg inc bp as <math>M_r</math> increases</li> <li>• (Molecules) increase by <math>\text{CH}_2/M_r = 14</math></li> </ul>	2	Any two points
6(b)	<u>Fractional</u> distillation/ fractionation/ chromatography	1	Allow GLC
6(c)	(Molecules/compounds/substances) with the same <u>molecular</u> formula / same number and type of atoms  but different structural formula/ different displayed formula/ different arrangement of atoms/different structures  <u>2,4-dimethylhexane</u>  <u>C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub></u>	1   1 1 1	Allow alkanes with same molecular formula Allow same chemical formula in M1 = 0 but can allow M2  Not different positions in space M2 dependent on M1 Ignore the absence of dash and/or commas

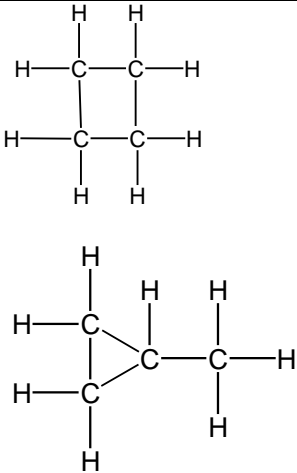
6(d)	<p>less surface contact / less surface area/ less polarisable molecule</p> <p>so fewer/weaker/less <u>Van der Waals'/vdw</u> forces</p>	<p>1</p> <p>1</p>	<p>Allow more spherical or fewer points of contact</p> <p>Not smaller molecule/ not more compact molecule/ not shorter chain</p> <p>Allow converse arguments</p> <p>Must be comparative answer ie not just few VDW forces</p> <p>QoL</p> <p>Assume 'it' refers to the branched isomer</p>
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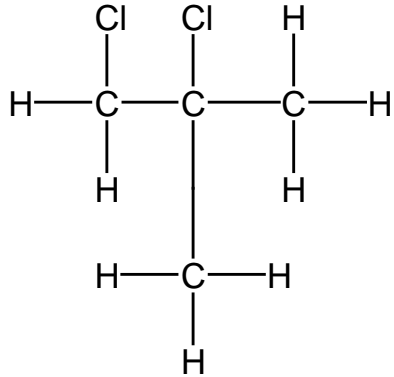
Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
7(a)(i)	 <p><b>M1</b> must show an arrow from the lone pair on oxygen of a negatively charged hydroxide ion <u>to the correct</u> H atom</p> <p><b>M2</b> must show an arrow from the correct C-H bond to the correct C-C bond. Only award if an arrow is shown <u>attacking</u> the H atom of the correct C-H bond in <b>M1</b></p> <p><b>M3</b> is independent but <b>CE=0</b> if <b>nucleophilic substitution</b></p> <p><b>N.B these are double-headed arrows</b></p>	3	<p>Penalise one mark from <u>their</u> total if half-headed arrows are used</p> <p>Penalise <b>M3</b> for formal charge on C of the C-Br or incorrect partial charges on C-Br</p> <p>Ignore other partial charges</p> <p>Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond.</p>
7(a)(ii)	<p><b>M1</b> E isomer</p>  <p><b>M2</b> Z isomer</p> 	2	<p>Award 1 mark if both correct stereoisomers but in the wrong places</p> <p>Accept no other alkenes.</p> <p>Be reasonably lenient on the bonds to ethyl (or to CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>) since the question is about E and Z positions but penalise once only if connection is clearly to the CH<sub>3</sub> of CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub></p> <p>Accept linear structures</p>

7(a)(iii)	<p><b>M1</b> (Compounds / molecules with) the <u>same structural formula</u></p> <p><b>M2</b> with <u>atoms/bonds/groups</u> arranged <u>differently in space</u></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p><u>atoms/bonds/groups</u> that have <u>different spatial arrangements / different orientation</u>.</p>	2	<p>Penalise <b>M1</b> if “same structure”</p> <p>Ignore references to “ same molecular formula” or “same empirical formula” or any reference to “displayed formula”</p> <p>Mark independently</p>
7(b)	 <p><b>M1</b> must show an arrow from the double bond towards the H atom of the H – O bond OR HO on a compound with molecular formula for H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></p> <p>M1 could be to an H<sup>+</sup> ion and M2 an independent O – H bond break on a compound with molecular formula for H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></p> <p><b>M2</b> must show the breaking of the O – H bond.</p> <p><b>M3</b> is for the structure of the carbocation.</p> <p><b>M4</b> must show an arrow from the lone pair of electrons on the correct oxygen of the negatively charged ion towards a correct (positively charged) carbon atom.</p> <p><b>NB The arrows here are double-headed</b></p>	4	<p><b>M1</b> Ignore partial negative charge on the double bond.</p> <p><b>M2</b> Penalise partial charges on O – H bond if wrong way and penalise formal charges</p> <p>In M2 do not penalise incorrect structures for H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></p> <p><b>M4</b> NOT HSO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup></p> <p>For <b>M4</b>, credit <u>as shown</u> or <u>⋯OSO<sub>3</sub>H</u> ONLY with the negative charge anywhere on this ion</p> <p>OR <u>correctly</u> drawn out with the negative charge placed correctly on oxygen</p> <p>Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond</p> <p><u>Max 3 of any 4 marks</u> for wrong organic reactant or wrong organic product (if shown)</p> <p>Accept the correct use of “sticks”</p>

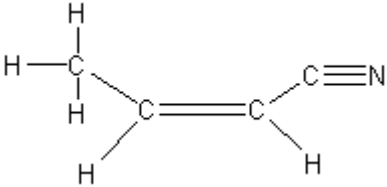
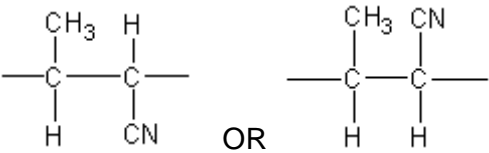
Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
8(a)	Position(al) (isomerism)	1	
8(b)	 <p><b>M1</b> must show an arrow from the double bond towards the H atom of the H-Br molecule</p> <p><b>M2</b> must show the breaking of the H-Br bond.</p> <p><b>M3</b> is for the structure of the secondary carbocation.</p> <p><b>M4</b> must show an arrow from the lone pair of electrons on the negatively charged bromide ion towards the positively charged carbon atom of either a primary or secondary carbocation.</p> <p><b>NB The arrows here are double-headed</b></p>	4	<p>Penalise one mark from <u>their</u> total if half-headed arrows are used</p> <p>M1 Ignore partial negative charge on the double bond.</p> <p>M2 Penalise partial charges on H-Br bond if wrong way and penalise formal charges</p> <p>Penalise M3 if there is a bond drawn to the positive charge</p> <p>Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond</p> <p><u>Maximum any 3 of 4 marks</u> for wrong reactant or primary carbocation.</p> <p>If Br<sub>2</sub> is used, <u>maximum 2 marks</u> for their mechanism</p> <p>Do not penalise the use of "sticks"</p>

<p>8(c)</p>	 <p><b>M1</b> must show an arrow from the lone pair on oxygen of a negatively charged hydroxide ion to a <u>correct</u> H atom</p> <p><b>M2</b> must show an arrow from a C-H bond adjacent to the C-Br bond towards the appropriate C-C bond. Only award if an arrow is shown attacking the H atom of an adjacent C-H (in M1)</p> <p><b>M3</b> is independent provided it is from their <u>original molecule</u>.</p> <p>Award full marks for an E1 mechanism in which M2 is on the correct carbocation.</p> <p><b>NB The arrows here are double-headed</b></p>	<p>3</p>	<p>Penalise one mark from <u>their</u> total if half-headed arrows are used</p> <p>Penalise M1 if covalent KOH</p> <p>Penalise M3 for formal charge on C of the C-Br or incorrect partial charges on C-Br</p> <p>Penalise M3 if an extra arrow is drawn from the Br of the C-Br bond to, for example, K<sup>+</sup></p> <p>Ignore other partial charges</p> <p>Penalise once only in any part of the mechanism for a line and two dots to show a bond.</p> <p><u>Maximum any 2 of 3 marks</u> for wrong reactant <u>or</u> wrong product (if shown) <u>or</u> a mechanism that leads to but-1-ene</p> <p>Accept the correct use of “sticks” for the molecule except for the C-H being attacked</p>
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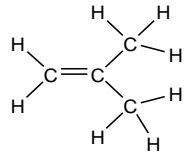


Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
2(a)(i)	(Compounds with the) same molecular formula  But different structural formula / different displayed formula/different structures / different skeletal formula	1  1	Allow same number and type of atom for M1 Ignore same general formula.  M2 dependent on M1 Not different positions of atoms/bonds in space.
2(a)(ii)	But-2-ene	1	Allow but-2-ene. Allow but 2 ene. Ignore punctuation.
2(a)(iii)	(2)-methylprop-(1)-ene	1	Do not allow 2-methyleprop-1-ene.
2(a)(iv)		1	Do not allow skeletal formulae. Penalise missing H and missing C
2(b)(i)	$C_4H_8 + 2O_2 \rightarrow 4C + 4H_2O$	1	Accept multiples.

Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
8(a)	2-bromo-2,3-dimethylbutane $C_nH_{2n+1}Br$ or $C_nH_{2n+1}X$ or $C_xH_{2x+1}Br$ Stronger / more <u>vdw</u> (forces) <u>between molecules</u> (of 1-bromohexane)	1 1 1	Ignore punctuation. Any order. QoL Allow converse arguments for Z Not just more IMF. Ignore size of molecule.
8(b)	 $C_2H_4Cl$	1  1	  Any order.



Question	Marking Guidance	Mark	Comments
9(a)(i)	Structure of (Z)-but-2-enenitrile with or without either or both of the CH <sub>3</sub> and the CN groups displayed  	1	Penalise C–NC Do <u>not</u> penalise C–H <sub>3</sub> C Ignore bond angles.
9(a)(ii)	Restricted <u>rotation</u> / no (free) <u>rotation</u> about the double bond / about the C=C <b>OR</b> does not <u>rotate</u> (about the double bond)	1	Must use the word <u>rotate</u> / <u>rotation</u> .
9(b)	Repeating unit of polyalkene  	1	All the bonds relevant to the unit must be drawn out including those on either side of the unit. There is no need to expand either the CH <sub>3</sub> or the CN  Penalise C–NC  Penalise “sticks”.  Ignore brackets.  Penalise “n”

<p>9(c)</p>	<p><b>Feature 1</b> Absorption / peak in the range <b>2220 to 2260</b> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <b>and</b> (characteristic absorption / peak for) <b>C≡N / CN</b> group / <b>nitrile / cyanide</b> group</p> <p><b>Feature 2</b> Absorption / peak in the range <b>1620 to 1680</b> cm<sup>-1</sup> or specified value <u>in this range</u> or <u>marked correctly</u> on spectrum <b>and</b> (characteristic absorption / peak for) <b>C=C</b> group / <b>alkene / carbon-carbon double bond</b></p>	<p>2</p>	<p>Allow the words “dip” <b>OR</b> “spike” <b>OR</b> “trough” <b>OR</b> “low transmittance” as alternatives for absorption.</p> <p>Allow a peak at 2200 cm<sup>-1</sup> to 2220 cm<sup>-1</sup> <b>in this case.</b></p> <p>Ignore reference to other absorptions eg C-H</p> <p>Either order.</p>
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			Must show unambiguous structure  Penalise lack of displayed formula once only
4(b)(iv)		1	
		1	
		1	

8(b)	$  \begin{array}{cccccc}  & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} \\  &   &   &   &   & / \\  \text{H} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} = \text{C} \\  &   &   &   & & \backslash \\  & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & & \text{H}  \end{array}  $ $  \begin{array}{cccccc}  & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} \\  &   &   &   &   &   \\  \text{H} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} = \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{H} \\  &   &   & &   & \\  & \text{H} & \text{H} & & \text{H} &   \end{array}  $ <p style="text-align: center;">Z-pent-2-ene</p> $  \begin{array}{cccccc}  & \text{H} & \text{H} & & \text{H} & \text{H} \\  &   &   & &   &   \\  \text{H} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{C} = \text{C} & - \text{C} & - \text{H} \\  &   &   &   &   & \\  & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} &   \end{array}  $ <p style="text-align: center;">E-pent-2-ene</p> <p>no free rotation around C=C</p> <p>2 different atoms/groups on each of the C=C Cs owtte</p>	1  1  1  1  1	<p>If no M2 and M3 <b>ALLOW</b> 1 mark if both structures <b>OR</b> both names correct</p> <p><b>NOT</b> cis and trans</p> <p><b>ALLOW</b> no rotation of C=C</p> <p><b>IGNORE</b> 'functional'</p>
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